

### Tenants' Introduction to Rent Control

April 4, 2023

### **Presented by**

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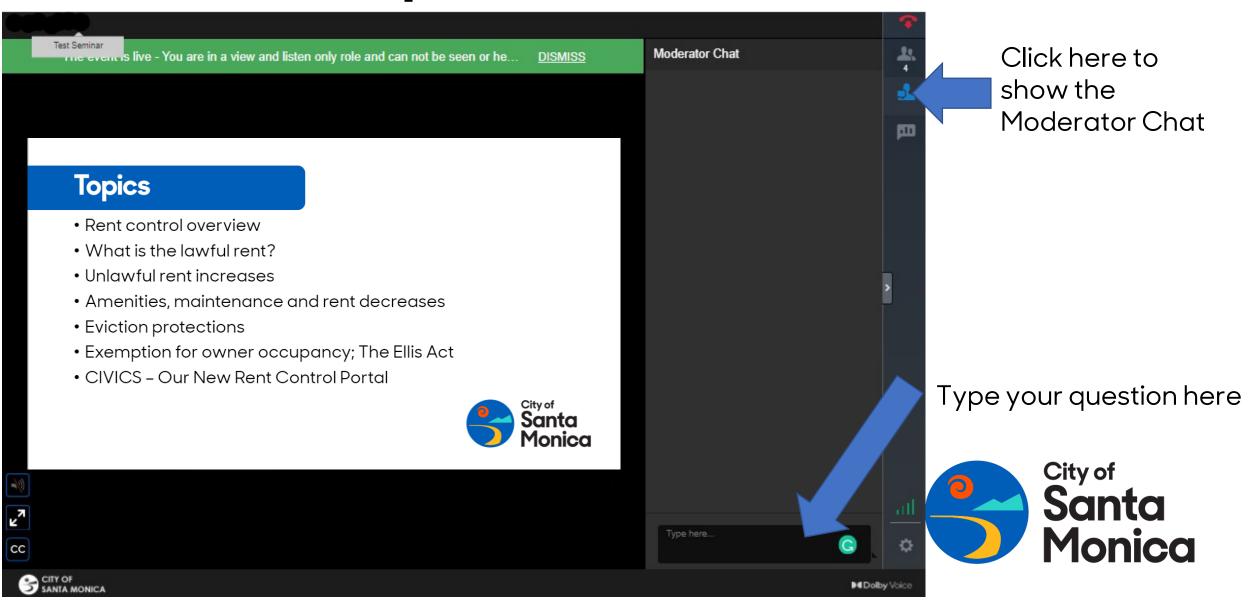


## Topics

- Rent control overview
- What is the lawful rent?
- Unlawful rent increases
- Amenities, maintenance and rent decreases
- Eviction protections



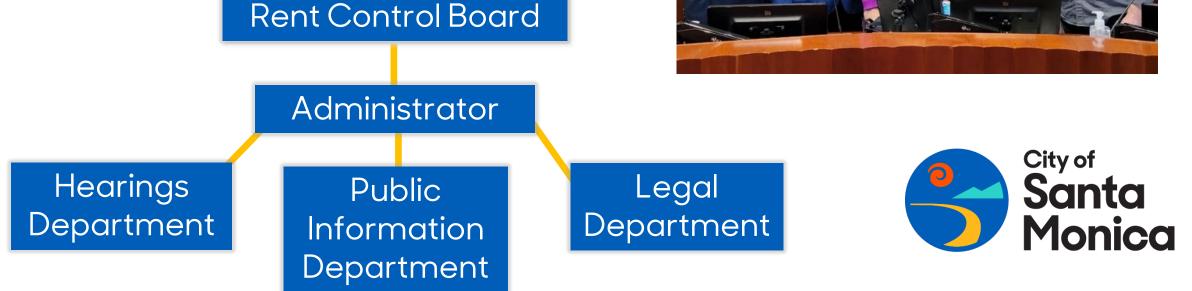
### How to ask questions



## **Rent Control Overview**

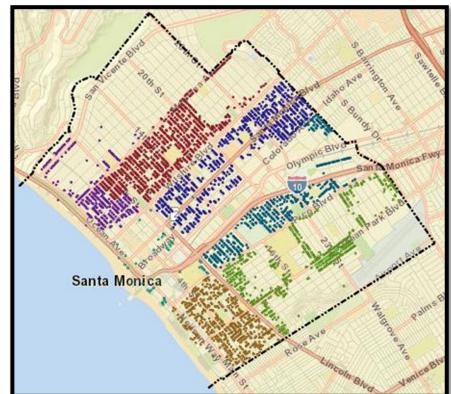
- The Rent Control Law became effective on April 10, 1979.
- It established a governing body separate from the City Council and a source of funding separate from the General Fund.





## **Units Subject to Rent Control**

- Most residential rental units in buildings constructed prior to April 10, 1979
- Primary exceptions:
  - Most single-family homes
  - Most condominiums
  - Most owner-occupied properties with three or fewer units
- Use the Look Up a Rent feature on our website to see if a property may be subject to Rent Control.





## The Rent Control Law

- <u>All</u> rent increases during a tenancy are controlled.
- Remedies are provided for situations where excess rent is charged or maintenance is neglected.
- There are eviction protections. The reasons a tenancy may be terminated are limited.
- The physical removal or conversion of controlled rental units is restricted.





# Not Our Focus Today

### <u>State Law Issues</u>

- Return of security deposit
- The right of a landlord to enter a tenant unit
- Eviction procedures
- Noticing
- To learn more, read:

California Tenants – Guide to Residential Tenants' and Landlords' Rights and Responsibilities



### <u>Municipal Code Issues</u>

- Tenant harassment
- Permanent and temporary relocation
- Building code violations
- Short-term rentals
- Smoke-free residential ordinance





### Maximum Allowable Rent (MAR) vs Maximum Lawful Rent (MLR)

Maximum Allowable Rent

+ Registration Fee Pass-Through +Allowable Surcharges Maximum Lawful Rent



### How the MAR is determined

### Pre-1/1/99 Tenancies

### Post-1/1/99 Tenancies

The MAR is based on the rent in effect on April 10, 1978, plus all subsequent increases approved by the Rent Control Board or otherwise allowed by the Rent Control Law. The MAR is based on <u>the initial rent</u> <u>charged at the beginning of the</u> <u>tenancy</u>, plus all subsequent increases approved by the Rent Control Board or otherwise allowed by the Rent Control Law.



## Checking a Unit's MAR

• The Rent Control Agency keeps track of MARs for all controlled units.

### **Rent Control in Santa Monica**

Information on this page is intended to assist property owners and tenants to understand their rights and responsibilities under the Santa Monica rent control law. Included here are links to important information about registration of property ownership and new tenancies, rent adjustment petitions, exemptions, and searchable property records - including the Look Up a Rent tool for finding the Maximum Allowable Rent (MAR) of any controlled unit.

### Jump to Section:

Top Resources FAQ



Santa Monica Programs Services Getting Around Art, Culture & Fun Businesses Your City Hall

### MAR (Maximum Allowable Rent) Database

### Select Language 🗸 🗸

The MARs available here are updated nightly and were last revised on January 31 and updates are expected to resume soon. We strive to provide information that is accurate, reliable, and complete. However, information in this program regarding the MAR for an individual unit may not be up-to-date due to a change in tenancy or the issuance of a Board decision, and there is necessarily a delay between when those changes occur and when the new MAR is entered in this program.

In most cases, MARs are based on rents reported by current or past property owners that have not been independently verified. Thus, we provide this information as a convenience only: it is not legally binding on landlords, tenants, or the Rent Control Agency.

The MARs listed presume the owner is in compliance with the Rent Control Charter Amendment (Article XVIII of the City Charter) and the Rent Control Regulations promulgated thereunder. In addition to these MARs, a tenant's rent can include applicable Rent Control registration fees or surcharges (Community College Bond, Unified Schools Bond, Stormwater Management User Fee, Clean Beaches & Ocean Parcel Tax, and School District Parcel Tax).

Finally, some rental units are temporarily exempt from the Rent Control Law. Because this page is for the lookup of MARs for controlled units, a §0 MAR in most cases is used to indicate an exempt unit. For information on units with a §0 MAR, please call Rent Control at 310-458-8751 and ask to speak with an information Analyst.

To get the most current information about a controlled unit's MAR, to determine a unit's exempt status, or to get a written list of the MARs for a given property, please call us at (310) 458-8751 or visit Room 202 of City Hall at 1685 Main Street, Santa Monica, California.

### List of Santa Monica Street Names







## **Registration Fee**

- An annual Registration Fee for controlled units is charged to property owners by the Rent Control Board.
- The current fee is \$228 per unit per year.
- As long as an owner pays the annual fee on time (usually by August 1), 50% of the registration fee may be passed through to each tenant by including an additional \$9.50 per month in the tenants' rents.

MAR

+ <u>Registration Fee Pass-</u> <u>Through</u>

+Allowable Surcharges Maximum Lawful Rent



## **Allowable Surcharges**

- This only applies to tenancies that started before March 1, 2018.
- Allowable surcharges are based on an owners' property tax bill. These costs can be divided among units on a property and passed through to the tenants.
- Surcharges for existing tenancies are capped at 4% of the MAR or \$35, whichever is less.
- Surcharges cannot be passed through for new tenancies beginning March 1, 2018, or if a building was sold or has its value reassessed after that date.

MAR + Registration Fee Pass-Through <u>+Allowable Surcharges</u> Maximum Lawful Rent



## **Property Tax Bill**

- This sample of a property tax bill lists the terms used for the specific costs as they appear on a property tax bill (in bold lettering and labeled 5a through 5e).
- Owners must provide a copy of the tax bill to tenants with their rent increase notice to pass through most surcharges.

	D PROPERTY TAX BILL CAL YEAR JULY 1, <u>2021</u> TO JUNE 30, 2022	2021
PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION ASSESSOR'S ID NO.: 4200-000-000 OWNER OF RECORD AS OF JANUARY 1, <u>2021</u>	DETAIL OF TAXES DUE FOR 4200-000-0 AGENCY RATE General Tax Levy A	00 <b>AMOUNT</b> All Agencies
MAILING ADDRESS OWNER NAME MAILING ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE	VOTED INDEBTEDNESS City-Santa Monic Metro Water Dist	000.00 000.00
PASS THROUGH ONLY LINES MARKED IN BOLD ►	5a ► COMMNTY COLLEGE 5b ► UNIFIED SCHOOLS	0,000.00 0,000.00
	DIRECT ASSESSMENTS 5c ► SMMUSD-MEAS-R Flood Control County Park Dist Trauma/Emerg Stv LA West Mosq Ab 5d ► SM STRMH2O FEE	<b>439.41</b> 000.00 000.00 000.00 000.00 <b>000.00</b>
PROPERTY LOCATION AND/OR PROPERTY DESCRIPTION 1234 ANYSTREET, SANTA MONICA Tract #00000 Lot 0	FIRST INSTALLMENT TAXES	000.00 \$ 0,000.00 \$ 0,000.00 \$ 0,000.00



## **General Adjustment to the MAR**

- The purpose of the GA is to provide property owners a fair return.
- The GA is based on 75% of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the Los Angeles area for the 12 months ending in March.
- The GA for this year has not been determine yet. However the GA will be capped at 3%.
- If the unit qualifies and with proper written notice, the GA can be implemented as early as of September 1st of each year.
- If owners did not implement a previous GA, it does not expire and can be prospectively implemented with proper notice.



### **Notice of Rent Increase**



### NOTICE OF CHANGE IN TERMS OF TENANCY - 2022 ADJUSTED G.A. TO: tenant(s) in possession Santa Monica, CA address unit number zin code According to Santa Monica Rent Control Charter Amendment Section 1805(a)(4), approved by voters in the November 8, 2022 election, you are hereby notified that thirty days after serving you with this notice, the monthly rent for the unit you occupy will be changed as indicated below. A OLD MAR - Enter the 2021-2022 Maximum Allowable Rent (MAR) .00 **A**\$ Use amount in Col.1 on AGA MAR Report. Do not include fees, surcharges, or MAR as of 9/1/2022. ADJUSTED GENERAL ADJUSTMENT (AGA) <u>Not applicable</u> if the tenancy started <u>September 1, 2021 or after.</u> If Line is \$2,312 or less, multiply amount on Line 1 by 0.008 (0.8%). If Line 🝙 is \$2,313 or more, enter \$19 ..... AS. .00 NEW MAR - Add Lines 1 and 2: Enter the New 2023 MAR (round up 50¢ and above) es B RENT CONTROL FEE PASS-THROUGH - \$9.50 (or \$0.00 if fee waiver is in effect). C SURCHARGES FROM PROPERTY TAX BILL\* Do not include if tenancy began or property was reassessed on or after 3/1/18 Enter Total # of \$ Annual \$ Monthly Line Item on 2021 Tax Bill\* Amount Monthly Units on Property Per Unit Per Unit 5a Community College Bond<sup>1</sup> ÷12 5b Unified Schools Bond<sup>1</sup> ÷12 5c School District Parcel Tax<sup>2</sup> ÷12 5d Stormwater Management User ÷12 Fee<sup>1</sup> 5e Clean Beaches & Ocean Parcel ÷12 Subtract # of unit(s) with Tax<sup>1</sup> waiver(s) \*If you gave a notice to the tenant to pay surcharges 5f Total (5a,5b,5c,5d,5e) anytime in 2022, use the same 2021 Tax Bill. If you did 5g Multiply Line 📵 by not give notice to the tenant to pay surcharges in 2022, use the 2022 Tax Bill for a February 2023 increase. 0.04 (4%) Enter only one of 5f, 5g or \$35, whichever is less D NEW MAXIMUM LAWFUL RENT: Add Lines 3 + 4 and 5 \$ The undersigned hereby verifies that the 2022-2023 Santa Monica Rent Control registration fees, as well as all past fees and penalties, were paid in

full by August 1, 2022, as required by Regulation 11200. The undersigned further certifies that this unit and the property's common areas are not subject to any uncorrected citation or notice of violation of any state or local housing, health or safety law issued by a government official or agency. Rv: //

print owner/agent name	signature of ow	vner/agent
	Date:	
address of owner/agent		

When it is permissible to pass through these taxes, a copy of the property tax bill must be provided to the tenant. Amounts for the Community College Bond, Unified School Bond, Stormwater Management User Fee, and Clean Beaches & Ocean Parcel Tax may change each January. See Regulations 3105, 3106, 3108 and 3120.

<sup>2</sup> On the 2021 tax bill, this is a flat fee of \$439.41 ("SMMUSD-MEAS-R" on tax bill). See Regulation 3109.

Blank form provided by the Santa Monica Rent Control Board

## Waivers of Certain Surcharges

- Registration Fee Waivers
  - Low-income senior tenants
  - Low-income disabled tenants
  - If a fee waiver is approved, no registration fees are charged for the unit the tenant occupies, and no registration fee surcharge may be passed through to the tenant of the unit.
- Clean Beaches and Ocean Parcel Tax Surcharge Waiver
  - Low-income tenants may apply for a waiver of this surcharge for their units.
  - If a waiver is issued, this parcel tax is not charged for that unit and the surcharge may not be included in the tenant's rent.



### Measure RC

### Adjusted General Adjustment (AGA)

- Reduced the maximum GA from 6% to 3%
- Adjusted MARs for units increased 6% per the September GA to a 0.8% increase effective February 2023
- Adjusts MARs for units increased the \$140 maximum per the September GA to a \$19 increase effective February 2023
- Provides monthly increases that average 3% or \$70, whichever is less for year (Sept. 2022 – Aug. 2023) per Board regulations.
- 2023 GA will be based on qualifying MARs in effect on August 31, 2022 plus 3% or \$70 max



### Standard AGA 6% GA -> 0.8%

8/31/22	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
MAR	'22	'22	'22	'22	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	Average
=< \$2,312	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	3%
\$2,000	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,016	\$2,016	\$2,016	\$2,016	\$2,016	\$2,016	\$2,016	\$2,060

Months	Increase	Subtotal	Limit
5	6%	30.0	
7	0.8%	5.6	
	Annual Total	35.6	36
	Average Monthly	2.97%	3%



## Standard AGA \$140 > \$19

8/31/22	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
MAR	'22	'22	'22	'22	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	Average
=> \$2,313	\$140	\$140	\$140	\$140	\$140	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$70
													-
\$3,000	\$3,140	\$3,140	\$3,140	\$3,140	\$3,140	\$3,019	\$3,019	\$3,019	\$3,019	\$3,019	\$3,019	\$3,019	\$3,069

Months	Increase	Subtotal	Limit
5	\$140	\$700	
7	\$19	\$133	
	Annual Total	\$833	\$840
	Average Monthly	\$69.42	\$70



### \$3035 AGA <6% >> >0.8%

- Increase from September 2022 to January 2023 was less than 6%
- Adjusted increase may be above 0.8% (but not more than 6%)
- Average rent increase for the period from September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023 is 3% or \$70 per month, whichever is less.

8/31/22	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
MAR	'22	'22	'22	'22	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	Average
	<b>&lt;6</b> %	<6%	<6%	<6%	<6%	>0.8%	>0.8%	>0.8%	>0.8%	>0.8%	>0.8%	>0.8%	3%/\$70



### §3035 AGA: Example 1

8/31/22	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
MAR	'22	'22	'22	'22	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	Average
	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
\$1,000	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030

Months	Increase	Subtotal	Limit
12	3%	36	
	Annual Total	36	36
	Average Monthly	3%	3%



### **§3035 AGA: Example 2**

8/31/22	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
MAR	'22	'22	'22	'22	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	Average
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	3%
\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,120	\$2,060

Months	Increase	Subtotal	Limit
6	0%	0	
6	6%	36	
	Annual Total	36	36
	Average Monthly	3%	3%



### §3035 AGA: Example 3

8/31/22	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
MAR	'22	'22	'22	'22	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	'23	Average
	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$28	\$28	\$28	\$28	\$28	\$70
\$4,000	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,070

Months	Increase	Subtotal	Limit
7	\$100	\$700	
5	\$28	\$140	
	Annual Total	\$840	\$840
	Average Monthly	\$70	\$70



### More AGA Information

- All tenants and property owners of rent-controlled received the mailing in Dec 2022
- Owner mailing included a MAR Report and a Notice of Change in Terms of Tenancy template.
- Owners had to give tenants notice of changes effective February 1, 2023.
- MARs for eligible units has been updated in our database on February 1.



### **Questions?**







### Unlawful Rent Increases

## **Charges for Additional Amenities**

- Additional amenities can be added by mutual agreement only.
- There are specific requirements that differ for pre-1/1/99 and post-1/1/99 tenancies.
- Charging for additional amenities without a proper agreement may constitute collection of excess rent.





## Additional Amenities: Pre-1/1/99 Tenancies

- Owner and tenant may negotiate a "separate agreement" for a monthly rental of amenities that are not "base amenities."
- Separate agreement requirements:
  - Must be negotiated separately from the rental agreement.
  - Must contain terms comparable to those of similar arrangements in the unregulated market.
  - Continued existence of the agreement is not a condition of the tenancy.
  - Breach or termination of the agreement is not grounds for eviction.



## Additional Amenities: Post-1/1/99 Tenancies

- Limited only to:
  - Parking/Garage
  - Storage
  - Right to have a pet
- Requirements:
  - Must be the result of an arm's-length negotiation with no pressure on the tenant to accept the amenity.
  - The amount paid for the amenity must be comparable to lawful arrangements in the unregulated market.
  - Owner must register the initial amount charged for the amenity with the Board, which amount is added the MAR.



## **Additional Occupants**

- No provision in the Rent Control Law allows owners to charge additional fees simply for having an additional occupant.
- A tenant's right to sublet their unit or have guests is usually controlled by the terms of their rental agreement. Violations of rental agreement terms could be grounds for eviction.
- The Municipal Code prohibits an eviction based on occupants being added if due to: marriage; domestic partnership (if properly registered); or birth, adoption or change of legal custody of a child.
- If a tenant sublets and no longer permanently resides in the unit, the owner may be entitled to raise the rent.



# **Utility Costs**

- Where a unit is separately metered, and the tenant pays the utility company directly, a tenant could be required to pay utility costs.
- If a property is master-metered and the lease requires the tenant to pay a share of the monthly utility bill, the owner must specify the exact dollar amount at the start of the tenancy.





## **Tenants Not-in-Occupancy**

- Rent-controlled units are supposed to be used as the address of usual return for tenants.
- If an owner believes a tenant no longer permanently resides in the unit, he or she may file a petition with the Board to raise the rent to a comparable market-rate rental.
- A decision in favor of the owner is not a reason for eviction.



## **Complaints for Excess Rent**

- Complaints for excess rent may be filed by tenants (or subtenants) who believe they have been or are being charged amounts that exceed what is allowed by the Rent Control Law.
- If a Rent Control Hearing Examiner finds that excess rent has been collected, the tenant will be authorized to withhold rent until the amount of excess rent has been recovered.
- The Rent Control Board can only issue awards for excess rent collected in the previous 36 months. Interest and penalties can be included in the amount of an award.
- Failure to notice tenants of the rent reductions per the AGA may result in excess rent.

### **Questions?**







City of Santa Monica Amenities, Maintenance, and Rent Decreases

#### Owners are required to maintain the property Base Amenities & Housing Services

- Amenities and housing services that were provided on the base rent date, as well as those required by law, must continue to be maintained and provided.
- Examples include:
  - Parking
  - Appliances
  - The right to have roommate(s)
- Includes common area housing services and amenities, such as gardening, laundry, recreation room, pool, etc.

- Owners must maintain the conditions of a unit.
- Examples of maintenance include:
  - Water leakage
  - Worn paint
  - Flooring
  - Broken windows or doors
  - Screens
  - Insect or animal infestation
  - Heat
  - Plumbing
  - Smoke alarms
  - Counters
  - Grout



### **Rent Decrease Petition**

- Tenants can petition for a rent decrease when an owner reduces or removes base amenities or housing services; or fails to make necessary repairs.
- Decreases are calculated from the time the petition is filed.
- Rent decreases remain in effect until repairs are made or the amenities or housing services are restored.



### **Construction Related Rent Decrease**

- May be granted when a unit is uninhabitable due to construction, when construction substantially reduces a housing service or when construction interferes with a tenant's ability to occupy the unit as a residence.
- No decrease is authorized for unavoidable construction impacts caused by necessary repair or maintenance unless:
  - The construction is carried out in an unreasonable manner, or
  - The construction takes an unreasonably long time to complete
  - Regulation 4400 sets a decrease range for many possible issues.
  - Decreases are calculated on when the problems arose.
- Mediation service available.



#### **Questions?**







### **Eviction Protections**

- "Tenant fault" evictions include:
  - Non-payment of rent
  - Violating an important condition of the rental agreement
  - Causing substantial damage or a substantial nuisance
  - Refusing lawful access to the rental unit
- "No-fault" evictions include:
  - Owner-occupancy
  - Withdrawal of a property from the rental housing business (Ellis Act)
  - Removal permit
  - For most <sup>i</sup>no fault" evictions, there are specific requirements that must be met, including a requirement in the Municipal Code for the payment of relocation benefits to displaced tenants.
- In some cases a written opportunity to correct is required
- The end of a lease is not a just cause for eviction.



# Local and County Eviction Moratoria

Santa Monica Through February 28, 2023 (expired now)

- Residential tenants were protected from the following kinds of evictions:
  - No-fault evictions, including owneroccupancy
  - Refusing entry into a unit, with limited health and safety exceptions
  - Having unauthorized occupants or their pets, with limited health and safety exceptions
  - "Nuisances" (certain behaviors or conditions that would normally be grounds for eviction), with limited health and safety exceptions
  - "Ellis" evictions (removing units from the rental market)

- Temporary Eviction Moratorium for Rent Controlled Tenants
  - Rent due between Sept 1, 2022 and Jan 31, 2023
  - Unit is rent control
  - RC rent has been increase by more than 3% above the MAR in place prior to Sept 1, 2022
  - Tenant cannot pay covered rent due to Covid-19 related financial distress
  - Tenant provides notice and documentation to the landlord of inability to pay due to Covid -19



\*\* Under the SM Temporary Eviction Moratorium for Rent Controlled Tenants, qualifying tenants still owe rent, and must pay covered rent back by <u>September 1, 2023</u>

## Local and County Eviction Moratoria

Los Angeles County

Phase I (2/1/22 – 5/31/22) Phase II (6/1/22-3/31/23) expired now

- Effective July 1, 2022– Eviction protections for nonpayment of rent, including self– certification to establish affirmative defense, for households with income at or below 80% Area Median Income (AMI) due to COVID–19 financial hardship for rent incurred on or after July 1, 2022.
- To be protected, tenants must have provided notice to their landlord within 7 days of rent due, every month that rent is due.
- dcba.lacounty.gov/noevictions for more information



# **Eviction for Owner-Occupancy**

- Owner must be a natural person with a 50% or greater ownership interest, but owner can evict for close relative.
- Limited to one unit. Cannot be used if an owner already has possession of a unit.
- There are specific restrictions on the selection of a unit.
- Permanent Relocation must be paid to tenant.

If you receive an eviction notice for owner-occupancy please call us!



#### Measure RC

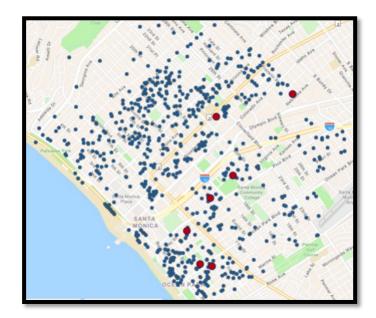
**Evictions for Owner Occupancy** 

- Requires owner occupancy within 60 days of vacancy
- Requires owner to occupy the unit for two years after eviction in good faith, unless there are extenuating circumstances.



## The Ellis Act

- A State law that allows owners to withdraw from the rental housing business and evict tenants.
- Tenancies terminate either in 120 days or one year.
- Withdrawal may not be completed during a tenant's lease term.
- Individual condo units may not be withdrawn.
- City Ordinance provides additional protection against no-fault eviction for educators and students during the school year.
- Relocation benefits must be paid to tenants being evicted.
- Displaced tenants who income qualify may be given priority for affordable housing options in the city.
- Property returns to rent control if re-rented.
  - Displaced tenants may be able to return to the property if the owner re-rents within ten years.
  - If the owner re-rents within five years, the rent is restricted.

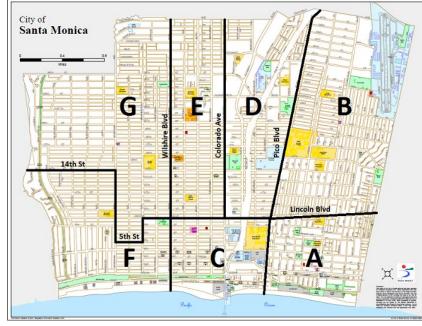




## **Buy-out agreements**

- Buyouts are voluntary and are different from permanent relocation fees.
- Landlords must give a tenant a written notice of their rights.
  - The right not to enter into a buyout agreement
  - The right to consult with an attorney and/or the RCB before signing
  - The right to cancel the agreement at any time up to 30 days after signing

City Area	Units	
A	3	\$58,333
В	6	\$32,667
С	0	
D	4	\$34,488
E	4	\$54,075
F	2	\$62,500
G	5	\$38,730
Total	24	\$43,496



Unit Size	# Filed	Average \$
0 Bedroom	3	\$42,217
1 Bedroom	9	\$27,510
2 Bedrooms	9	\$56,683
3(+) Bedrooms	3	\$53,333
Total	24	\$43,496



#### **Questions?**







#### What's Next?

- We will post this presentation on the Seminars and Newsletters page of our website
- The next Rent Control Board meeting is Thursday, April 13, at 7:00 p.m. in Council Chambers at City Hall.
- For more information:
  - Call: (310) 458-8751
  - Email: <u>rentcontrol@santamonica.gov</u>
  - Website: santamonica.gov/rentcontrol



